



Map the Meal Gap 2018:

Overall Food Insecurity in Wyoming by County in 2016¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²		
				% below 130% poverty <small>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</small>	% between 130% and 185% poverty <small>WIC, reduced price school meals</small>	% above 185% poverty <small>Charitable Response</small>
Albany	37,836	17.3%	6,550	63%	5%	32%
Big Horn	11,931	12.1%	1,450	47%	20%	34%
Campbell	48,473	12.2%	5,910	37%	9%	54%
Carbon	15,696	11.6%	1,820	46%	8%	46%
Converse	14,223	11.8%	1,670	34%	19%	47%
Crook	7,284	10.8%	790	29%	21%	50%
Fremont	40,683	14.4%	5,870	47%	17%	37%
Goshen	13,546	12.1%	1,630	56%	8%	35%
Hot Springs	4,781	12.9%	620	41%	22%	37%
Johnson	8,572	11.9%	1,020	38%	16%	46%
Laramie	96,459	11.1%	10,690	41%	13%	46%
Lincoln	18,543	11.3%	2,090	36%	26%	38%
Natrona	80,871	13.8%	11,120	40%	14%	46%
Niobrara	2,498	13.0%	320	43%	21%	37%
Park	29,083	11.6%	3,390	36%	17%	47%
Platte	8,740	13.2%	1,160	49%	16%	36%
Sheridan	29,924	12.3%	3,680	36%	17%	47%
Sublette	10,032	11.7%	1,180	29%	13%	58%
Sweetwater	44,812	11.1%	5,000	41%	16%	44%
Teton	22,623	9.9%	2,230	36%	19%	45%
Uinta	20,893	14.1%	2,940	57%	7%	36%
Washakie	8,351	12.0%	1,000	57%	17%	26%
Weston	7,175	13.8%	990	44%	15%	41%
State Total⁶	585,501	12.6%	73,830	41.5%	16.0%	42.5%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit map.feedingamerica.org.

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2018: A Report on County and Congressional District Food Insecurity and County Food Cost in the United States in 2016*. Feeding America, 2018. This research is generously supported by The Howard G. Buffett Foundation and Nielsen.

¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2016 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2016 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2016 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

⁶Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.