



Map the Meal Gap 2018:

Overall Food Insecurity in Colorado by County in 2016 ¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²		
				% below 130% poverty <i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	% between 130% and 185% poverty <i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	% above 185% poverty <i>Charitable Response</i>
Adams	479,977	8.1%	39,090	67%	24%	9%
Alamosa	16,353	13.0%	2,130	76%	7%	17%
Arapahoe	617,668	11.9%	73,750	45%	15%	40%
Archuleta	12,355	10.1%	1,250	61%	19%	21%
Baca	3,648	12.8%	470	71%	13%	17%
Bent	5,816	13.1%	760	56%	4%	40%
Boulder	313,961	11.9%	37,380	49%	8%	43%
Broomfield	62,449	9.7%	6,040	30%	11%	58%
Chaffee	18,507	10.7%	1,970	47%	25%	29%
Cheyenne	2,071	10.2%	210	52%	19%	28%
Clear Creek	9,238	10.7%	990	33%	10%	58%
Conejos	8,213	7.3%	600	98%	2%	0%
Costilla	3,590	8.1%	290	100%	0%	0%
Crowley	5,537	14.5%	810	64%	7%	29%
Custer	4,375	14.1%	620	56%	27%	17%
Delta	30,221	13.4%	4,060	66%	13%	21%
Denver	663,303	12.5%	82,690	62%	14%	25%
Dolores	1,789	14.9%	270	73%	17%	10%
Douglas	314,238	8.3%	26,000	21%	8%	71%
Eagle	52,894	7.1%	3,770	49%	25%	26%
Elbert	24,225	8.4%	2,030	30%	17%	54%
El Paso	665,171	12.4%	82,790	45%	17%	38%
Fremont	46,835	14.2%	6,660	47%	13%	39%
Garfield	57,495	9.1%	5,220	55%	24%	20%
Gilpin	5,708	9.4%	540	42%	17%	41%
Grand	14,490	11.5%	1,660	44%	22%	35%
Gunnison	15,889	13.7%	2,170	55%	17%	28%
Hinsdale	856	12.3%	100	53%	27%	19%
Huerfano	6,521	10.6%	690	80%	20%	0%
Jackson	1,306	11.1%	150	58%	23%	19%
Jefferson	558,810	9.7%	54,370	38%	13%	49%
Kiowa	1,465	11.9%	170	69%	16%	15%
Kit Carson	8,174	10.9%	890	56%	19%	25%
Lake	7,401	8.7%	640	74%	20%	6%
La Plata	53,994	11.1%	5,990	48%	14%	38%
Larimer	325,228	12.4%	40,200	50%	11%	39%
Las Animas	14,322	8.3%	1,180	71%	20%	9%
Lincoln	5,515	12.3%	680	43%	8%	49%
Logan	21,862	13.1%	2,850	60%	14%	27%
Mesa	148,166	13.8%	20,430	56%	12%	32%
Mineral	793	8.3%	70	46%	20%	34%
Moffat	13,034	11.2%	1,460	54%	23%	23%
Montezuma	26,006	14.4%	3,750	63%	11%	26%
Montrose	40,866	12.5%	5,090	61%	19%	20%
Morgan	28,288	8.1%	2,300	79%	16%	5%
Otero	18,440	11.1%	2,040	75%	21%	4%
Ouray	4,651	11.9%	550	48%	10%	42%
Park	16,440	9.6%	1,590	35%	17%	48%
Phillips	4,347	10.3%	450	50%	26%	24%
Pitkin	17,543	11.7%	2,050	39%	10%	52%
Prowers	12,121	10.3%	1,240	75%	12%	13%
Pueblo	162,158	10.4%	16,830	73%	17%	10%
Rio Blanco	6,658	13.1%	870	48%	5%	47%
Rio Grande	11,623	9.4%	1,090	67%	15%	18%
Routt	23,980	11.8%	2,840	44%	12%	44%
Saguache	6,255	11.0%	690	91%	9%	0%
San Juan	552	7.9%	40	56%	39%	5%

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San Miguel	7,767	12.9%	1,000	50%	12%	38%
Sedgwick	2,367	11.8%	280	62%	23%	15%
Summit	29,269	10.8%	3,170	51%	13%	36%
Teller	23,472	10.7%	2,510	35%	17%	48%
Washington	4,814	11.6%	560	53%	21%	27%
Weld	278,065	8.9%	24,740	60%	17%	23%
Yuma	10,150	11.0%	1,120	66%	19%	15%
State Total⁶	5,540,545	11.3%	627,480	47.2%	14.6%	38.3%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit map.feedingamerica.org.

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2018: A Report on County and Congressional District Food Insecurity and County Food Cost in the United States in 2016*. Feeding America, 2018. This research is generously supported by The Howard G. Buffett Foundation and Nielsen.

¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2016 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2016 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2016 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

⁶Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.



Map the Meal Gap 2018:

Overall Food Insecurity in Colorado by Congressional District in 2016 ¹



Congressional District	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²		
				% below 130% poverty	% between 130% and 185% poverty	% above 185% poverty
				<i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	<i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	<i>Charitable Response</i>
1	812,843	12.1%	98,610	53%	13%	34%
2	803,470	12.1%	97,260	40%	11%	49%
3	738,119	12.4%	91,180	59%	14%	27%
4	795,836	9.6%	76,210	48%	13%	40%
5	786,939	13.4%	105,200	43%	17%	40%
6	813,566	10.9%	89,030	38%	16%	46%
7	789,772	8.9%	69,990	51%	19%	30%

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