



# Map the Meal Gap 2018:

Overall Food Insecurity in Alabama by County in 2016 <sup>1</sup>



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance <sup>2</sup>		
				% below 130% poverty <i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	% between 130% and 185% poverty <i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	% above 185% poverty <i>Charitable Response</i>
Autauga	55,049	13.4%	7,360	47%	19%	34%
Baldwin	199,510	12.3%	24,500	50%	14%	35%
Barbour	26,614	23.2%	6,160	57%	19%	24%
Bibb	22,572	15.8%	3,580	46%	22%	32%
Blount	57,704	11.0%	6,340	61%	18%	21%
Bullock	10,552	26.0%	2,740	58%	23%	19%
Butler	20,280	21.7%	4,410	64%	16%	19%
Calhoun	115,883	16.7%	19,370	58%	16%	26%
Chambers	34,018	19.5%	6,620	60%	19%	21%
Cherokee	25,897	12.5%	3,240	58%	24%	18%
Chilton	43,817	13.6%	5,960	65%	12%	22%
Choctaw	13,287	20.5%	2,720	54%	21%	24%
Clarke	24,847	24.1%	5,990	56%	18%	26%
Clay	13,483	14.5%	1,950	60%	22%	18%
Cleburne	14,991	13.9%	2,080	57%	19%	24%
Coffee	50,991	14.7%	7,500	51%	17%	32%
Colbert	54,377	15.3%	8,330	53%	14%	33%
Conecuh	12,697	23.9%	3,030	70%	16%	14%
Coosa	10,864	16.3%	1,780	58%	36%	7%
Covington	37,729	15.6%	5,870	58%	16%	27%
Crenshaw	13,896	16.6%	2,310	59%	16%	25%
Cullman	81,316	12.0%	9,790	62%	20%	18%
Dale	49,607	16.7%	8,300	56%	14%	30%
Dallas	41,426	29.5%	12,230	70%	16%	14%
DeKalb	70,937	12.0%	8,510	70%	22%	8%
Elmore	80,957	14.0%	11,290	45%	12%	43%
Escambia	37,875	19.8%	7,480	62%	20%	18%
Etowah	103,363	15.2%	15,660	59%	17%	23%
Fayette	16,783	15.0%	2,520	60%	20%	20%
Franklin	31,573	13.0%	4,090	70%	14%	16%
Geneva	26,765	15.3%	4,080	66%	12%	22%
Greene	8,587	31.4%	2,690	72%	26%	2%
Hale	15,159	23.4%	3,550	62%	21%	17%
Henry	17,187	15.5%	2,670	59%	18%	23%
Houston	103,891	17.3%	17,960	57%	17%	27%
Jackson	52,608	14.0%	7,360	67%	11%	22%
Jefferson	659,096	19.0%	125,000	51%	14%	35%
Lamar	14,066	16.2%	2,280	68%	20%	12%
Lauderdale	92,641	15.1%	13,940	53%	16%	30%
Lawrence	33,433	14.6%	4,880	57%	16%	27%
Lee	153,947	18.0%	27,640	59%	9%	32%
Limestone	90,257	12.4%	11,220	50%	16%	34%
Lowndes	10,565	28.1%	2,970	63%	23%	14%
Macon	19,684	27.0%	5,320	56%	23%	22%
Madison	349,973	14.3%	50,100	44%	13%	43%
Marengo	20,066	23.6%	4,740	64%	20%	16%
Marion	30,239	13.9%	4,200	64%	17%	19%
Marshall	94,534	12.2%	11,570	70%	15%	15%
Mobile	414,291	18.9%	78,400	54%	16%	30%
Monroe	21,975	25.4%	5,580	64%	13%	24%
Montgomery	227,392	22.1%	50,160	55%	15%	30%
Morgan	119,555	13.2%	15,800	56%	16%	28%
Perry	9,856	30.2%	2,970	69%	20%	12%
Pickens	20,042	20.5%	4,110	65%	15%	20%
Pike	33,277	21.4%	7,120	61%	15%	25%
Randolph	22,615	16.3%	3,690	60%	14%	27%
Russell	58,636	20.1%	11,760	57%	19%	24%

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St. Clair	86,576	11.9%	10,300	53%	13%	35%
Shelby	205,951	9.6%	19,830	41%	12%	47%
Sumter	13,285	29.1%	3,870	70%	14%	16%
Talladega	81,057	18.5%	14,960	57%	18%	25%
Tallapoosa	40,958	17.9%	7,350	63%	15%	23%
Tuscaloosa	202,471	17.5%	35,400	51%	14%	35%
Walker	65,593	15.7%	10,320	65%	13%	23%
Washington	16,909	17.7%	3,000	56%	19%	26%
Wilcox	11,119	32.3%	3,590	69%	14%	17%
Winston	24,013	14.3%	3,420	65%	19%	16%
<b>State Total<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>4,863,300</b>	<b>16.5%</b>	<b>800,620</b>	<b>52.8%</b>	<b>16.3%</b>	<b>30.9%</b>

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit [map.feedingamerica.org](http://map.feedingamerica.org).

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2018: A Report on County and Congressional District Food Insecurity and County Food Cost in the United States in 2016*. Feeding America, 2018. This research is generously supported by The Howard G. Buffett Foundation and Nielsen.

<sup>1</sup>Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2016 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2016 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2016 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

<sup>2</sup>Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

<sup>6</sup>Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.



# Map the Meal Gap 2018:

## Overall Food Insecurity in Alabama by Congressional District in 2016 <sup>1</sup>



Congressional District	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance <sup>2</sup>		
				% below 130% poverty	% between 130% and 185% poverty	% above 185% poverty
				<i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	<i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	<i>Charitable Response</i>
1	704,457	16.5%	116,510	50%	13%	37%
2	681,621	18.1%	123,100	54%	16%	30%
3	709,482	16.4%	116,470	54%	15%	32%
4	683,273	13.1%	89,680	60%	16%	24%
5	712,529	13.7%	97,790	51%	14%	36%
6	706,308	11.2%	79,060	42%	15%	43%
7	665,630	26.7%	178,010	56%	21%	23%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit [map.feedingamerica.org](http://map.feedingamerica.org).

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