Financial Report June 30, 2023

Contents

Independent auditor's report	1-2
Financial statements	
Statements of financial position	3
Statements of activities	4
Statements of functional expenses	5-6
Statements of cash flows	7
Notes to financial statements	8-27



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Feeding America

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Feeding America, which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Feeding America as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Feeding America and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Feeding America's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Feeding America's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Feeding America's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois November 30, 2023

Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	2023	2022
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 425,662	\$ 484,580
Short-term investments	3,826	3,679
Contributions receivable, net	39,953	27,756
Accounts receivable, net	24,601	14,280
Other assets	3,463	3,039
Total current assets	497,505	533,334
Long-term investments	74,839	61,381
Contributions receivable, net	17,864	26,848
Other assets	94	93
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	12,451	-
Property and equipment, net	23,377	23,167
Total assets	\$ 626,130	\$ 644,823
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 35,192	\$ 48,735
Contributions received in advance	3,899	6,583
Other obligations	286	965
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	2,017	-
Total current liabilities	41,394	56,283
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion	19,050	-
Other obligations	1,786	10,179
Total liabilities	62,230	66,462
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions:		
Undesignated	274,359	259,063
Board designated:		
Food Security Strategic Priorities Fund	20,072	69,826
Food Security Equity Impact Fund	4,274	10,256
Operating reserves	67,700	55,517
	92,046	135,599
	366,405	394,662
With donor restrictions	197,495	183,699
Total net assets	563,900	578,361
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 626,130	\$ 644,823

Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Operating activities: Public support and revenue: Public support:	Without Done Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	Without D Restricti		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Public support and revenue:	Restrictions	;	Restrictions		Total	Restricti	ons	Restrictions		lotal
Public support and revenue:										
r abile eappeirt.										
Individual contributions	\$ 149,9	69 \$	29,852	\$	179,821	\$ 1	60,298 \$	50,862	\$	211,160
Corporate contributions	74,3		62,775	•	137,123		66,008	57,965	Ŷ	123,973
Foundations		85	5,672		6,457		1,740	1,227		2,967
Corporate promotions	36,8		18,192		55,008		34,903	27,220		62,123
Total fundraising	261,9		116,491		378,409		54,903 52,949	137,274		400,223
Total fundraising	201,5	10	110,431		570,409	2	JZ,545	157,274		400,223
Donated goods and services	4 500 5	.07			4 500 507	2.0	22 440			2 0 2 2 4 4 0
•	4,529,5	97	-		4,529,597	3,9	23,440	-		3,923,440
Total public								107.071		4 000 000
support	4,791,5	15	116,491		4,908,006	4,1	36,389	137,274		4,323,663
5										
Revenue:										
Food procurement revenue	235,1	06	-		235,106	1	47,074	-		147,074
Member fees	4,9	26	-		4,926		5,285	-		5,285
Conference fees	1,1	53	-		1,153		391	-		391
Other revenue	2,1	35	-		2,135		3,274	-		3,274
Investment income	2,9		-		2,934		-	3		3
Net assets released from	_,-				_,					
restrictions	103,4	04	(103,404)		_	1	35,613	(135,613)		
Total public support	100,-		(103,404)				33,013	(100,010)		
	5,141,1	70	42.007		E 4 E 4 000		70.000	1 004		4 470 600
and revenue	5,141,1	13	13,087		5,154,260	4,4	78,026	1,664		4,479,690
-										
Expenses:										
Program services:										
Member services	133,3		-		133,368	1	20,570	-		120,570
Food procurement	4,745,8	73	-		4,745,873	4,0	58,661	-		4,058,661
Public awareness and education	110,1	53	-		110,153	1	12,703	-		112,703
Policy and advocacy	17,6	32	-		17,632		15,950	-		15,950
Programs	56,8	13	-		56,813		48,488	-		48,488
Research and analysis	24,6		-		24,624		12,669			12,669
Total program					2.,,02.		.2,000			12,000
services	5,088,4	63	_		5,088,463	13	69,041			4,369,041
66111666					0,000,400	4,0	50,041			4,000,041
Supporting services:										
Management and general	24,4	16			24,416		17,143	_		17,143
			=					-		
Fund development	64,2	07	-		64,207		64,885	-		64,885
Total supporting										
services	88,6	23	-		88,623		32,028	-		82,028
Total expenses	5,177,0	86	-		5,177,086	4,4	51,069	-		4,451,069
Increase (decrease)										
in net assets before										
nonoperating										
activities	(35,9	13)	13,087		(22,826)		26,957	1,664		28,621
Nonoperating activities:										
Wills and bequests	4,1	97	530		4,727		5,371	197		5,568
Individual contributions	-,-	_	228		228		-	95		95
Investment return (loss)	2 /	59	148				(8,411)	(384)		(8,795)
	3,4	59			3,607		(0,411)			
Other		-	(197)		(197)		-	(12,205)		(12,205)
	7,6	56	709		8,365		(3,040)	(12,297)		(15,337)
.										
Increase (decrease)										
	(28,2	:57)	13,796		(14,461)		23,917	(10,633)		13,284
in net assets	()-									
in net assets Net assets—beginning of year	394,6	62	183,699		578,361	3	70,745	194,332		565,077
		62	183,699		578,361	3	70,745	194,332		565,077

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023 (In Thousands)

				Program	Services						Supporting Services				
		Member Service	-	Dublin			Deserve	-					Tatal		
			Total	Public			Research		otal	Ma	anagement		Total		
	Member	Food	Member	Awareness and	Policy and	_	and		ogram		and	Fund	Supporting		
	Services	Procurement	Services	Education	Advocacy	Programs	Analysis	Ser	rvices		General	Development	Services		Total
Salaries	\$ 8,877	\$ 7,322	\$ 16,199	\$ 2,659	\$ 2,305	\$ 3,511	\$ 3,183	\$	27,857	\$	9,009	\$ 12,139	\$ 21,148	\$	49,005
Benefits and taxes	1,914	1,731	3,645	590	537	813	728		6,313		1,644	2,748	4,392		10,705
Total salaries and															
related expenses	10,791	9,053	19,844	3,249	2,842	4,324	3,911		34,170		10,653	14,887	25,540		59,710
Professional services and fees	4,095	2,071	6,166	1,614	4,181	3,501	5,699		21,161		4,740	14,145	18,885		40,046
Telecommunications	38	32	70	10	10	14	12		116		29	47	76		192
Advertising	-	-	-	2,573	-	2,368	-		4,941		-	11,372	11,372		16,313
Postage and shipping	9	19	28	2	2	6	7		45		12	9,159	9,171		9,216
Disaster purchases and transportation	(69)	2,287	2,218	-	-	-	-		2,218		-	-	-		2,218
Food sourcing and transportation	51	237,309	237,360	-	-	(4)	-		237,356		(93)	-	(93)	237,263
Occupancy	367	314	681	238	324	323	324		1,890		1,048	757	1,805		3,695
Insurance	35	26	61	16	20	21	22		140		68	56	124		264
Equipment and maintenance	7	1	8	1	1	1	1		12		3	2	5		17
Printing and production	639	5	644	2,587	4	21	4		3,260		8	11,016	11,024		14,284
Travel and business meetings	2,221	586	2,807	84	265	564	210		3,930		742	371	1,113		5,043
Software expense	950	647	1,597	177	138	163	233		2,308		777	1,174	1,951		4,259
Member grants	111,073	66,494	177,567	-	9,541	45,141	12,658		244,907		57	-	57		244,964
Other	332	68	400	92	101	124	129		846		832	181	1,013		1,859
Depreciation	2,670	1,775	4,445	174	197	232	1,405		6,453		681	1,012	1,693		8,146
Total expenses before															
donated goods															
and services	133,209	320,687	453,896	10,817	17,626	56,799	24,615		563,753		19,557	64,179	83,736		647,489
Donated goods and services	159	4,425,186	4,425,345	99,336	6	14	9	4	4,524,710		4,859	28	4,887		4,529,597
Total	\$ 133,368	\$ 4,745,873	\$ 4,879,241	\$ 110,153	\$ 17,632	\$ 56,813	\$ 24,624	\$!	5,088,463	\$	24,416	\$ 64,207	\$ 88,623	\$	5,177,086
Percent of total expenses	2.58%	91.67%	94.25%	2.13%	0.34%	6 1.10%	0.48%	6	98.29%		0.47%	1.249	% 1.71	%	100.00%

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

				Program Servic	es				S	upporting Service	orting Services			
	Member Services	Member Services Food Procurement	Total Member Services	Public Awareness and Education	Policy and Advocacy	Programs	Research and Analysis	Total Program Services	Management and General	Fund Development	Total Supporting Services	Total		
	Octvices	riocarement	Gervices	Education	Advocacy	Tiograms	Analysis	OCIVICE3	General	Development	OCIVICCS	Total		
Salaries	\$ 8,590	\$ 6,252 \$	14,842	\$ 1,935	\$ 2,114	\$ 2,293	\$ 2,468	\$ 23,652	\$ 8,039	\$ 9,963	\$ 18,002	\$ 41,654		
Benefits and taxes	1,833	1,644	3,477	469	608	659	607	5,820	1,022	2,668	3,690	9,510		
Total salaries and														
related expenses	10,423	7,896	18,319	2,404	2,722	2,952	3,075	29,472	9,061	12,631	21,692	51,164		
Professional services and fees	5,551	1,161	6,712	1,651	4,995	2,215	2,985	18,558	2,849	14,085	16,934	35,492		
Telecommunications	47	40	87	8	10	14	15	134	38	56	94	228		
Advertising	-	-	-	-	-	1,688	-	1,688	-	13,101	13,101	14,789		
Postage and shipping	9	25	34	1	1	2	2	40	8	10,268	10,276	10,316		
Disaster purchases and transportation	18	1,260	1,278	-	-	-	-	1,278	-	-	-	1,278		
Food sourcing and transportation	4	149,382	149,386	-	-	-	-	149,386	-	1	1	149,387		
Occupancy	324	322	646	122	173	221	209	1,371	609	739	1,348	2,719		
Insurance	31	28	59	9	13	16	16	113	49	57	106	219		
Equipment and maintenance	34	2	36	1	1	1	1	40	3	4	7	47		
Printing and production	149	3	152	1,850	1	14	1	2,018	13	9,712	9,725	11,743		
Travel and business meetings	575	163	738	21	56	142	36	993	203	114	317	1,310		
Software expense	423	701	1,124	68	98	128	270	1,688	667	1,286	1,953	3,641		
Member grants	100,596	86,213	186,809	-	7,373	40,433	4,762	239,377	-	-	-	239,377		
Other	142	(119)	23	38	110	106	44	321	290	213	503	824		
Depreciation	1,361	825	2,186	79	106	142	859	3,372	592	1,131	1,723	5,095		
Total expenses before														
Total expenses before donated goods														
and services	119,687	247,902	367,589	6,252	15,659	48,074	12,275	449,849	14,382	63,398	77,780	527,629		
Donated goods and services	883	3,810,759	3,811,642	106,451	291	414	394	3,919,192	2,761	1,487	4,248	3,923,440		
Total	\$ 120,570	\$ 4,058,661 \$	4,179,231	\$ 112,703	\$ 15,950	\$ 48,488	\$ 12,669	\$ 4,369,041	\$ 17,143	\$ 64,885	\$ 82,028	\$ 4,451,069		
Percent of total expenses	2.71%	91.18%	93.89%	2.53%	0.36%	1.09%	0.28%	98.15%	0.39%	6 1.46%	1.85%	100.00%		

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:		
(Decrease) increase in net assets	\$ (14,461)	\$ 13,284
Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets to net cash		
(used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	8,146	5,095
Provision on uncollectible contributions receivable	(205)	10,321
Deferred lease obligation	-	(322)
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(1,687)	10,158
Contributions received for long-term investment	(4,197)	(5,371)
Reduction in carrying amount of operating lease right-of-use assets	1,585	-
Cash paid for operating leases	(2,390)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Contributions receivable	(3,008)	(9,804)
Accounts receivable and other assets	(10,745)	(1,479)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(13,543)	33,057
Contributions received in advance	(2,684)	(5,154)
Other obligations	 348	191
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	 (42,841)	49,976
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(12,087)	(2,575)
Sale or maturity of investments	169	210
Acquisition of property, software and equipment	(8,356)	(10,534)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (20,274)	(12,899)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Contributions received for long-term investment	4,197	5,371
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,197	5,371
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(58,918)	42,448
Cash:		
Beginning of year	 484,580	442,132
End of year	\$ 425,662	\$ 484,580

Notes to Financial Statements (In Thousands)

Note 1. Organization and Purpose

Feeding America is the nation's leading domestic hunger-relief charity. The mission of Feeding America is to advance change in America by ensuring equitable access to nutritious food for all in partnership with food banks, policymakers, supporters and the communities served. The network to fulfil this mission is composed of Feeding America and approximately 200 member food banks and affiliated regional organizations and serves all 50 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Each member food bank is an independent nonprofit organization that enters into a member contract with Feeding America. Feeding America's headquarters are located in Chicago, Illinois with an additional office in Washington, D.C.

Feeding America works with farmers, manufacturers, retailers and government agencies to save unwanted food from landfills and move donated grocery items to where it is needed most. Member food banks collect, sort and distribute these donations to local food pantries and meal programs. Food pantries and meal programs in the network then distribute the food directly to people in their communities.

Feeding America is a nonprofit entity as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code. Feeding America is incorporated in the state of Arizona, where it was founded in 1979.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and use of estimates: The financial statements of Feeding America have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of presentation: The financial statement presentation follows the recommendation of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in its guidance related to financial statements for nonprofit organizations, under which Feeding America is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Operating results in the statements of activities reflect all transactions increasing or decreasing net assets with and without donor restrictions except those items listed under the nonoperating subtotal including donations received from wills and bequests, investment returns from funds designated by our Board and other miscellaneous items.

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets without donor restrictions are available for support of Feeding America's operations and are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Revenue is reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions and the restrictions are not met in the current fiscal year. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Feeding America has three board designated funds, one of which is a long-term operating reserve. Two other funds for sustained response to hunger relief are focused on key food security strategic priorities and equity in order to drive investments to communities of color known to be disproportionately impacted by food insecurity. Use of the strategic fund may include research, pilot programs, network and third-party grants, member capacity expansion, and technology and infrastructure investments. Board of Directors approval is required for any requested use of the strategic priorities or equity impact funds and the minimum balance is established in accordance with the strategic priorities or equity funds' respective policies. Board designated funds are classified as without donor restrictions. Board designated funds totaled \$92,046 and \$135,599 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that may or will be met either by actions of Feeding America or the passage of time. This classification also includes amounts for which the principal must remain intact per donor request with the investment return on the principal used for specified purposes or general operations.

Cash: Cash is composed of available cash balances. Feeding America maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which may exceed federally insured limits. Feeding America has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that Feeding America is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash. The cash balance at June 30, 2023, includes \$24,346 of the two board designated funds for sustained response to hunger relief (2022—\$80,082).

Investments and related income, gains and losses: Investments in equity and debt securities are reported at fair value. All investment related income, expense, gains and losses are included in the statement of activities. Fair values are primarily determined based on quoted market prices or other market inputs. Interest and dividends on short-term investments are included in operating revenue and reported as investment income. Interest and dividends on long-term investments are included in nonoperating activities. All other investment returns, including realized and unrealized gains and losses on short-term and long-term investments, are also reported as nonoperating activities.

Investment returns on donor-restricted endowment funds are recorded as additions (or reductions) to net assets with donor restrictions. Management fees on investments and other investment expenses are recorded as a reduction to investment return.

Feeding America invests in various investment securities including money market funds, U.S. government and agency securities and mutual funds, corporate bonds, fixed-income mutual funds, domestic equity mutual funds, international equity mutual funds, hedge fund of funds and limited partnerships. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair values of Feeding America's investments could occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Feeding America records its investments under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement, for fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. ASC Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC Topic 820 also establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Feeding America applies the measurement provisions of ASC Topic 820 to certain investments in alternative investments that do not have readily determinable fair values. This guidance allows for the estimation of the fair value of investments in investment companies for which the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value using net asset value (NAV) per share or its equivalent. Interests in alternative investment funds are generally reported at the NAV reported by the fund managers, which is used as a practical expedient to estimate the fair value interest therein, unless it is probable that all or a portion of the investment will be sold for an amount different from NAV. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America had no plans or intentions to sell investments at amounts different from NAV.

Contributions receivable: Feeding America receives unconditional promises to give from donors and these are recorded as contribution revenue. If outstanding contributions are to be paid to Feeding America over a period of years, they are recorded at the present value of their expected cash flows using a risk-adjusted discount rate (such as the prime rate) in the year of contribution. Rates ranging from 3.25% to 8.25% were used in 2023 and 2022. Discount amortization is recognized in contribution revenue. Contributions receivable are also reflected net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts based on management's judgment, past payment experience, and other relevant factors. Promises to give are written off when deemed uncollectible.

Accounts receivable and credit policies: Accounts receivable consist primarily of noninterest bearing amounts due from members for procurement costs, including securing transportation, associated with Feeding America's grocery and produce programs. Amounts also include annual fees charged to member organizations as well as additional fees for IT business solutions. Feeding America records accounts receivable when it has the unconditional right to issue an invoice and receive payment. Opening balances as of July 1, 2022 totaled approximately \$14,133. Management determines the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, aging categories and a review of subsequent collections. Accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectible. At both June 30, 2023 and 2022, the allowance was \$525.

Property and equipment: Property and equipment are stated on the basis of cost at date of purchase or, if donated, at fair value at the date of donation. Feeding America's capitalization policy includes \$25,000 for property and equipment and \$50,000 for software projects. Depreciation is computed using the half-year convention straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Construction-in-progress is reported at cost and not depreciated until the assets are placed into service. These amounts will be transferred to their related depreciable asset category upon completion. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are recorded as expense.

Contributions received in advance: Feeding America frequently receives cash contributions from corporate and other donors in advance of donor terms and/or conditions being communicated or satisfied. Such amounts are held and not expended and are reported at the fiscal year-end as contributions received in advance on the statements of financial position. Once terms are met and/or conditions are received (and any conditions are satisfied), Feeding America recognizes contribution revenue and expends funds in accordance with the donor intentions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Gift annuities: Feeding America enters into agreements with donors in which the donor contributes assets in exchange for an annuity to be paid to the donor or their designee for a specified period of time. Annually, the annuity liability is readjusted based upon actuarial projections of future payments over the remaining life expectancy of the donor or their designee. Upon termination, any residual amount is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Gift annuities, included in other current and long-term obligations, were \$2,072 and \$1,686 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Leases: Prior to July 1, 2022, Feeding America followed the lease accounting guidance in FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 840. Effective July 1, 2022, Feeding America follows the lease accounting guidance in FASB ASC Topic 842. Feeding America determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception of the contract. Under Topic 842, a lease is a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Feeding America's contracts determined to be or contain a lease include explicitly or implicitly identified assets where Feeding America has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of the assets and has the ability to direct how and for what purpose the assets are used during the lease term.

Leases are classified as either operating or finance. Feeding America currently has only operating leases. For operating leases, Feeding America recognizes a lease liability equal to the present value of the remaining lease payments, and a right-of-use (ROU) asset equal to the lease liability, subject to certain adjustments, such as for prepaid rents and other lease incentives. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that Feeding America will exercise such option. When the rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, Feeding America has made a policy election to use a risk-free rate, based on the United States Treasury rates, to determine the present value of the lease payments for all classes of assets.

Feeding America defines a short-term lease as any lease arrangement with an original lease term of twelve months or less that does not include an option to purchase the underlying asset. Feeding America has made a policy election to not recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases. As a result, short-term lease payments are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, and variable lease payments are recognized in the period in which the obligation is incurred.

For lease arrangements with lease and non-lease components, Feeding America has made a policy election to account for lease and non-lease components, separately, for all classes of assets.

Certain of Feeding America's leases also include variable lease costs. These variable payments typically represent additional services transferred to Feeding America, such as overage charges for related services and these are recorded as an expense in the period incurred. Feeding America's lease agreements do not contain any residual value guarantees or restrictive covenants.

Donated goods and services: Feeding America reports the fair value of donated food over which it has control (i.e., variance power) as public support, without donor restrictions, and immediately thereafter, as expense when donated to the network. Other donated goods and services meeting recognition criteria under U.S. GAAP are also recorded as public support and as expense, based on estimated fair values. Feeding America did not monetize any contributed nonfinancial assets and unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contributions: Unconditional contributions are considered to be available for use, without donor restrictions, unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. Amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by the donor are also reported as net assets with donor restrictions.

Corporate promotions differ from corporate contributions in that there is a promotional factor involved with the donor. Both Feeding America and the donor receive more advertising and publicity through this type of effort than through a typical corporate contribution. The amount of the funds received is typically based on the success of the promotional activity.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized in the period received. Conditional contributions are not recognized as revenue until conditions are satisfied, which occurs when performance barriers are met. A donor restriction expires when a time restriction ends or when the purpose for which it was intended is attained. Net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions upon expiration of donor restrictions and are reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions received with related restrictions that are met in the same year are recognized in net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions, which totaled \$0 and \$5,300 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are not recognized as contribution revenue until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. These balances are included on the statements of financial position as contributions received in advance.

Revenue: Revenue from contracts, generally with network members, is derived primarily from food procurement revenue, member fees, and conference fees.

Feeding America did not have any impairment or credit losses on any receivables arising from contracts with member food banks. There are also no incremental costs of obtaining a contract and no significant financing components. Payment terms for a majority of Feeding America's contracts vary. Also, there were no significant changes in the judgments affecting the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with member food banks.

Food procurement revenue: These represent revenues paid by network members for the cost to procure food, including securing transportation associated with Feeding America's grocery and produce programs. This revenue is recognized at a point in time, generally when invoiced at the time of the related service dates. There are no significant advance payments received related to food procurement revenue.

Member fees: These consist of annual fees assessed to member organizations as well as additional fees for information technology business solutions. Fees are billed in the first quarter of the membership period, which is Feeding America's fiscal year. Feeding America recognizes member fees revenue ratably over the individual membership period as performance obligations are satisfied over time; member benefits are provided evenly over the term of the membership. Member fees received in advance are deferred until earned.

Conference fees: These represent registration fees and sponsorships for the various conferences that are conducted by Feeding America for the benefit of member organizations. This revenue is recognized over time as the conferences occur. Registration is open to potential attendees in advance of the conference.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Member grants: Feeding America makes awards and grants for child hunger programs, technology grants, food sourcing, nutrition, mobile pantry and other vehicles, and/or general operating support, to be disbursed during as well as in the subsequent fiscal year. The liability and related expense for awards and grants are recognized at the time of notification and acceptance by the recipients (majority are member food banks) since the award is unconditional. Recipients are required to meet certain qualifications and to provide accountability to Feeding America for funds disbursed prior to the grant. A grant is considered conditional when it has both a right of return or release of one or more barriers that must be overcome before a recipient is entitled to the cash transferred or promised. Member grants awarded are typically unconditional.

Income taxes: Feeding America accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. ASC Topic 740 addresses the determination of how tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements.

Under ASC Topic 740, Feeding America must recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Feeding America does not have a liability for unrecognized tax benefits, for the reporting periods presented in the financial statements.

Functional allocation of expenses: The costs of providing the various programs and supporting services are presented on a functional basis in the statements of functional expenses. Expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred in the program directly benefiting from the costs. Certain other costs incurred for the benefit of the entire organization such as salaries and employee benefits, technology, space occupancy, and insurance are centrally pooled and allocated monthly to the programs and supporting services benefited. Expenses that are common to program services, management and general administration and fund development are allocated based on management's determination.

Expense	Method of Allocation
Salaries, benefits and taxes	Estimated Time and Effort
Technology	Estimated Time and Effort
Occupancy	Square footage
Insurance	Square footage

Agency funds: Feeding America occasionally receives agency funds on behalf of member organizations. Agency funds received and distributed to member organizations are not reported as revenue, support or expenses within the statements of activities as Feeding America lacks variance power to direct the use of the funds. During 2023 and 2022, Feeding America received \$110 and \$213, respectively, in agency funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Adopted accounting pronouncement: The FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in FASB ASC Topic 840, Leases, which is intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations related to their leasing arrangements. The new lease standard, including all the related amendments subsequent to its issuance, supersedes the current guidance for lease accounting and requires lessees to recognize a ROU asset representing the right to use an underlying asset and a lease liability representing the obligation to make lease payments over the lease term for substantially all leases, as well as disclose key quantitative and qualitative information about leasing arrangements.

Feeding America adopted Topic 842 effective on July 1, 2022, using the optional transition method to the modified retrospective approach, which eliminates the requirement to restate the prior period financial statements. Under this transition provision, Feeding America has applied Topic 842 to reporting periods beginning on July 1, 2022, while prior periods continue to be reported and disclosed in accordance with the legacy guidance under ASC Topic 840, Leases, (ASC 840). The adoption did not result in a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of net assets.

In addition to policy election choices, Topic 842 includes practical expedient choices. Feeding America elected the package of practical expedients available in the standard and as a result, did not reassess the lease classification of existing leases, whether a preexisting contract is deemed to be or to include a lease or the initial direct costs associated with existing leases. Feeding America did not elect the hindsight practical expedient, and so did not re-evaluate lease terms for existing leases and will measure the ROU asset and lease liability using the remaining portion of the lease term at adoption on July 1, 2022.

Adoption of the new lease standard resulted in the recording of operating lease ROU assets of \$13,223 and operating lease liabilities of \$22,273 as of July 1, 2022.

Recently issued accounting pronouncement: The FASB has issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments*—*Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which creates a new credit impairment standard for financial instruments. The existing incurred loss model will be replaced with a current expected credit loss (CECL) model for most receivables and various other financial instruments. Receivable assets will be presented at the net amount expected to be collected through an allowance for credit losses. Expanded disclosures will also be required. This ASU is effective for Feeding America for fiscal year 2024. Feeding America is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this new guidance on its financial statements and does not expect the impact to be significant.

Reclassifications: Certain fiscal year 2022 balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation, without any effect on previously reported total net assets or total change in net assets.

Subsequent events: Feeding America has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Liquidity and Availability

The following reflects Feeding America's financial assets as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, reduced by amounts not available for general use within one year of the statements of financial position date because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions. Feeding America regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its annual operating needs and other contractual commitments while also striving to maximize the return on investment of its funds not required for annual operations. Amounts not available include amounts set aside for long-term investing in the board designated operating reserve.

	2023			2022
Financial assets at year-end:				
Total current assets	\$	497,505	\$	533,334
Long-term investments		74,839		61,381
Long-tern contributions receivable, net		17,864		26,848
Total financial assets		590,208		621,563
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year				
due to:				
Contractual or donor-imposed restrictions:				
Other assets		(3,463)		(3,039)
Restrictions by donor with time or purpose restrictions (gross)		(194,578)		(181,079)
Donor-restricted endowments		(2,917)		(2,620)
Investments held in annuity trust		(3,650)		(2,750)
Board designations:				
Board designated operating reserve for long-term investing		(67,700)		(55,517)
Financial assets not available to be used within one year		(272,308)		(245,005)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures				
within one year		317,900		376,558
Additional resources to meet reserve requirements and liquidity needs:				
Board designated operating reserve for long-term investing		67,700		55,517
Line of credit		10,000		10,000
Financial assets available to meet reserve and liquidity				
needs	\$	395,600	\$	442,075

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Liquidity and Availability (Continued)

Feeding America has an investment management and oversight policy authorized by the Board of Directors that provides governance and guidance on the management of cash and cash equivalents and investments. The policy provides that Feeding America maintain an adequate level of cash to meet its ongoing operational requirements. In addition, the policy sets forth the structure for investment of excess cash based on the financial needs of Feeding America, the time horizon of those needs, and the Board of Directors' investment philosophy. Feeding America's goal is to maintain available financial assets sufficient to meet six months of operating expenses in cash and cash equivalents and long-term investments. General operating expenses average approximately \$13,300 per month, exclusive of donated goods or services, food procurement related expenses, member grants and depreciation (2022—\$11,300). As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America has an additional \$67,700 and \$55,517, respectively, in a board designated operating reserve fund. This board designated fund may be drawn upon with the governing Board's approval for operating purposes within guidelines of the respective fund or in the event of financial distress or an immediate liquidity need resulting from events outside the typical life cycle of converting financial assets to cash or settling financial liabilities. Lastly, to meet obligations and cash liquidity needs, Feeding America maintains a revolving line of credit of \$10,000. The purpose of the line is to cover working capital expenses while waiting to collect on contributions and procurement receivables from Feeding America's donors and member network, respectively.

Note 4. Contributions Receivable

Short- and long-term contributions receivable at June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	 2023	2022
Gross contributions receivable:		
Within one year	\$ 40,978	\$ 37,756
Between one and five years	 20,164	31,593
	61,142	69,349
Present value discount	(1,796)	(3,011)
Allowance for uncollectible	(1,529)	(11,734)
Contributions receivable, net	\$ 57,817	\$ 54,604

In 2022, the allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable was increased for a specific balance where collection was uncertain as of June 30, 2022. This specific balance was written off in 2023.

Note 5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	 2023	2022	
Software	\$ 32,426	\$	22,905
Leasehold improvements	11,059		11,059
Furniture and fixtures	149		163
Computer and office equipment	86		75
Construction-in-progress	300		2,194
	 44,020		36,396
Accumulated depreciation	 (20,643)		(13,229)
	\$ 23,377	\$	23,167

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Donated Goods and Services

Donated food and other goods and services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, included in the financial statements, were as follows:

	 2023		2022
Food	\$ 4,424,320	\$	3,808,438
Media	99,331	•	106,222
Supplies (software and personal protection equipment)	1,863		5,564
Legal services	502		1,534
Transportation	837		1,307
Hotels and airline miles	119		375
Consulting services	2,625		
	\$ 4,529,597	\$	3,923,440

Food includes the following main categories: proteins, meat, produce, dairy, bread and beverages as well as a minimal amount of essential household and personal products.

Donated goods: During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America donated 2,292 million pounds and 1,984 million pounds, respectively, of food product to its network members. The food product was donated to Feeding America by approximately 600 national donors and their subsidiaries. The donated food is recorded in the financial statements as public support and as expense at the estimated average fair value of one pound of donated food product at the national level of \$1.93 and \$1.92, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. These values were determined based upon the pounds received as of calendar year-end 2022 and 2021 and studies performed by Feeding America. Each of the annual studies involves a review of 31 product categories and wholesale prices using a national wholesaler's pricing catalogs. Other independent sources may also be used as necessary for items not included in the catalogs. The average value of one pound of donated product will vary from year-to-year based on the mix of product items donated and the current value of the product. As part of the study, Feeding America analyzes and reviews the results to determine the accuracy and understand the key components of the valuation and the year-over-year changes.

Feeding America has entered into written contracts with national donors to distribute food products directly to its local food bank members. These contracts provide Feeding America explicit variance power and authority over the distribution of the food. A majority of the pounds reported above by Feeding America, totaling 1,699 million pounds and 1,638 million pounds for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, were donated to member food banks under these contract arrangements. The remainder was directly donated to Feeding America and then donated by Feeding America to the member food banks (593 million pounds and 346 million pounds for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively). Donations made directly to local member food banks from national donors with whom Feeding America does not have a written agreement are not included in the financial statements because Feeding America does not have written agreements with such donors granting Feeding America explicit variance power and authority over the distribution of such donated goods and services.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Donated Goods and Services (Continued)

Donated services: Feeding America produces public service announcements (PSAs) that run on media outlets across the country. Outlets include television, radio, print and digital media. Feeding America's PSA campaigns are developed in partnership with several donated media suppliers. Feeding America distributes these PSAs to third parties who then distribute them to various media outlets. The media outlets provide placements to Feeding America, free of charge, as a contribution to help communicate Feeding America's mission and engage the general public. Feeding America has contracted with independent outside agencies to track PSA placements and estimate the fair value of the donated media based on the date, time and market in which the PSA is placed. These donated advertisements are recognized as in-kind contributions (donated goods and services) at fair value, with a corresponding expense allocated to the programs benefitted, as they are delivered to the public. Feeding America considers the extent of its involvement with donated media, including factors such as its ability to control where media coverage occurs, or media placements are made. The estimated fair value of these in-kind services for fiscal year 2023, based on information provided by third parties and independent outside agencies, is \$99,331 (2022—\$106,222). Other paid advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

In addition, a number of individuals and organizations have made in-kind donations or volunteered their services to Feeding America. Contributed services recognized include professional services from attorneys and consultants advising Feeding America on various strategic, administrative and legal matters, and other services. Donated supplies, transportation, hotel and airline miles are provided to Feeding America to help defray the costs of those goods and services that would otherwise have been purchased. Contributed services and supplies are valued and are reported at the estimated fair value in the financial statements based on current market rates for similar legal, consulting, travel and other services and supplies. For those services that do not require special expertise, the estimated value of such donated services has not been recorded in the financial statements. Feeding America did not monetize any contributed nonfinancial assets. Unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor restrictions.

Note 7. Member Grants

Member grants, awarded to member food banks, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

		2023		2022
Member services	\$	111.074	\$	100,597
Food sourcing and procurement	Ψ	66,496	Ψ	74,719
Programs		45,142		39,848
Policy and advocacy		9,542		7,372
Other		12,710		5,347
		244,964		227,883
COVID-19 directed for food sourcing and procurement		-		11,494
	\$	244,964	\$	239,377

All member grants distributed by Feeding America are for the benefit of the network members and as such are classified on the statements of activities and statements of functional expenses as primarily member services and food procurement expenses. These grants are considered to be unconditional. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America accrued expenses of \$13,675 and \$21,815, respectively, for grants that have been awarded but not yet distributed as of the year-end. These amounts are payable within one year and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Member Grants (Continued)

Feeding America provided network members with grant funds to assist with the COVID-19 response, both emergency relief and longer-term recovery efforts, in recent years, until the funds were exhausted in 2022. Grants were awarded from the COVID-19 Response Fund to support day-to-day operating expenses such as transportation, personal protection equipment (PPE), staffing, community outreach, technology, equipment/assets, and a variety of innovative food sourcing and distribution programs.

Note 8. Investments

Overall investment objective: Feeding America maintains a short-term and long-term investment portfolio. The purpose of the short-term investment portfolio is to provide sufficient liquidity to meet the financial obligations of Feeding America in a timely manner without requiring liquidation of assets from the long-term investment pool. The investment objective of the long-term investment portfolio is to preserve capital and secondly to enhance the purchasing power of the long-term investments in the fund.

Allocation of investment strategies: Short-term funds are invested in low or risk-free investments with a high degree of liquidity. Investments should have a maturity for a period not to exceed 180 days. The investment managers are allowed to use derivative securities to reduce portfolio risk. Long-term investment portfolio has separate objectives and strategies (Note 13).

The cost and fair value of short and long-term investments at June 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	2023				2022			
	 Cost	F	air Value	Cost		F	air Value	
Money market funds	\$ 13,666	\$	13,666	\$	1,868	\$	1,868	
Government and agency securities and mutual funds	2,531		2,035		2,508		2,380	
Corporate bonds and fixed-income mutual funds	40,144		35,864		38,262		34,243	
Domestic equity mutual funds	14,410		15,931		19,349		17,944	
International equity mutual funds	9,249		9,180		6,980		6,639	
Hedge fund of funds	1,492		1,989		1,493		1,947	
Limited partnership	 -		-		39		39	
	\$ 81,492	\$	78,665	\$	70,499	\$	65,060	

Feeding America has invested in alternative investments, hedge fund of funds. The funds are primarily invested in global equity markets and private investment funds. There are no additional funding commitments as of June 30, 2023. Feeding America has the ability to withdraw from the alternative investment all or any portion of its capital as of the last business day of each calendar quarter, with at least 60 calendar days' written notice.

On June 30, 2023, Feeding America transferred \$9,400 of cash into the long-term investment portfolio and into money market funds. The cash will be invested across the asset classes in accordance with the investment policy.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Investments (Continued)

Investment returns (loss) for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	:	2023	2022
Income from investments:			
Interest and dividends, net of fees	\$	4,854	\$ 1,366
Gains (losses) on investments:			
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments		1,687	(10,158)
Total return (loss) on investments	\$	6,541	\$ (8,792)

Investment returns (loss) reflected in the statements of activities for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	2023	2022
Operating activities:		
Interest and dividend income without donor restrictions	\$ 2,934	\$ 3
Nonoperating activities:		
Investment return (loss) without donor restrictions	3,459	(8,411)
Investment return (loss) with donor restrictions	 148	(384)
Total return (loss) on investments	\$ 6,541	\$ (8,792)

Short-term investments at June 30, 2023 and 2022, include \$749 and \$521, respectively, in member compliance and disaster reserves. Investment fees, included as a reduction of interest and dividends above, were \$169 and \$212 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 9. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value of financial instruments: The following methods and assumptions were used by Feeding America in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Short-term and long-term investments: Domestic equity mutual funds, international equity mutual funds, government and agency securities and mutual funds, corporate bonds and fixed-income mutual funds and money market funds are measured using quoted market prices at the reporting date multiplied by the quantity held. The carrying value equals fair value.

Feeding America applies the concepts of ASC Subtopic 820-10 to its alternative investments using NAV as a practical expedient in estimating fair value; however, it is possible that the redemption rights of certain alternative investments may be restricted by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Changes in market conditions and the economic environment may impact the NAV of the funds and consequently the fair value of Feeding America's interest in the fund.

Fair value hierarchy: Feeding America follows the guidance of ASC Topic 820 for fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that Feeding America has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets include money market funds, government and agency securities and mutual funds, domestic and international equity mutual funds and corporate bonds and fixed-income mutual funds that consist primarily of U.S. Treasury obligations at June 30, 2023 or 2022.
- Level 2: Inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 2 assets include a limited partnership fund at June 30, 2022.
- **Level 3:** Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. There were no Level 3 investments at June 30, 2023 or 2022.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The following tables present assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023							
		Level 1	Le	evel 2	Le	evel 3		Total
Investments:								
Money market funds	\$	13,666	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,666
Government and agency								
securities and mutual funds		2,035		-		-		2,035
Corporate bonds and								
fixed-income mutual funds		35,864		-		-		35,864
Domestic equity mutual funds		15,931		-		-		15,931
International equity mutual funds		9,180		-		-		9,180
	\$	76,676	\$	-	\$	-	_	76,676
Hedge fund of funds								1,989
Total investments							\$	78,665

Notes to Financial Statements

	2022							
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3			Total
Investments:								
Money market funds	\$	1,868	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,868
Government and agency								
securities and mutual funds		2,380		-		-		2,380
Corporate bonds and								
fixed-income mutual funds		34,243		-		-		34,243
Domestic equity mutual funds		17,944		-		-		17,944
International equity mutual funds		6,639		-		-		6,639
Limited partnership		-		39		-		39
	\$	63,074	\$	39	\$	-		63,113
Hedge fund of funds			-					1,947
Total investments							\$	65,060

Note 9. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statements of financial position.

The availability of observable market data is monitored to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported at the beginning of the reporting period. Feeding America evaluated the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the financial instrument and size of the transfer relative to total net assets available for benefits. There were no transfers between levels for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Note 10. Leases

Feeding America enters into contracts to lease real estate and various equipment. Feeding America's most significant leases include office leases for space in Chicago (headquarters) and space in Washington D.C with initial lease terms expiring during 2035 and 2028, respectively. Certain leases include renewal or termination options. Under FASB ASC Topic 842, the lease term at the lease commencement date is determined based on the non-cancellable period for which Feeding America has the right to use the underlying asset, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if Feeding America is reasonably certain to exercise that option, periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if Feeding America is reasonably certain not to exercise that option, and periods covered by an option to extend (or not to terminate) the lease in which the exercise of the option is controlled by the lessor. Feeding America considered a number of factors when evaluating whether the options in its lease contracts were reasonably certain of exercise, such as length of time before option exercise, expected value of the lease asset at the end of the initial lease term, importance of the lease to overall operations, costs to negotiate a new lease, and any contractual or economic penalties.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Leases (Continued)

FASB ASC Topic 842 includes a number of reassessment and re-measurement requirements for lessees based on certain triggering events or conditions, including whether a contract is or contains a lease, assessment of lease term and purchase options, measurement of lease payments, assessment of lease classification and assessment of the applicable discount rate. Feeding America reviewed the reassessment and re-measurement requirements and did not identify any events or conditions during fiscal year 2023, that required a reassessment or re-measurement. In addition, there were no impairment indicators identified during fiscal year 2023 that required an impairment test for Feeding America's ROU assets or other long-lived assets in accordance with ASC 360-10.

These real estate leases contain annual escalation clauses, periods of rent abatements and tenant construction allowances. Payments made to, or on behalf of, the lessee represent tenant incentives or allowances that should be considered reductions of rental expense and amortized over the initial term of the lease within the new operating lease, right-of-use asset.

The components of lease expense and supplemental cash flow information related to leases for fiscal year 2023, are as follows:

Operating lease costs	\$ 1,700
Variable lease costs	 2,046
	\$ 3,746

Rent expense recognized in fiscal year 2022, under previous guidance, FASB ASC Topic 840, Leases, was approximately \$2,380.

Other lease-related information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities:	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 2,390
Weighted-average remaining lease term on operating leases	10.5 years
Weighted-average discount rate for operating leases	2.91%

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Leases (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, maturities of Feeding America's lease liabilities are as follows:

2024 \$ 2,598 2025 2,582 2026 2,493 2027 2,555 2028 2,530 Thereafter 11,804 Total lease payments 24,562 Less present value discount (3,495) Total lease obligations \$ 21,067	Fiscal years ending June 30:	
2026 2,493 2027 2,555 2028 2,530 Thereafter 11,804 Total lease payments 24,562 Less present value discount (3,495)	2024	\$ 2,598
2027 2,555 2028 2,530 Thereafter 11,804 Total lease payments 24,562 Less present value discount (3,495)	2025	2,582
20282,530Thereafter11,804Total lease payments24,562Less present value discount(3,495)	2026	2,493
Thereafter11,804Total lease payments24,562Less present value discount(3,495)	2027	2,555
Total lease payments24,562Less present value discount(3,495)	2028	2,530
Less present value discount (3,495)	Thereafter	11,804
	Total lease payments	24,562
Total lease obligations \$ 21,067	Less present value discount	 (3,495)
	Total lease obligations	\$ 21,067

As previously reported, as of June 30, 2022, Feeding America's future minimum lease commitments, under previous leasing guidance, FASB ASC Topic 840, Leases, were:

2023	\$ 2,647
2024	2,373
2025	2,432
2026	2,493
2027	2,555
Thereafter	 14,333
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 26,833

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Line of credit: Feeding America has a \$10,000 secured line of credit from its primary bank that bears interest at a rate equal to the sum of (i) greater of the Bloomberg Short Term Bank Yield Index (BSBY) Daily Floating Rate, which is a fluctuating rate of interest which can change on each banking day, or the Index Floor, plus (ii) 0.75 percentage point(s). For the purposes of the interest rate calculations, the Index Floor means 0.00%. The line of credit is secured by a general lien on the assets of Feeding America. There were no borrowings under the line of credit during fiscal years 2023 or 2022 as well as no amounts outstanding under the line of credit at June 30, 2023 and 2022. Subsequent to year-end, in November 2023, management and its primary bank renewed the line of credit under similar terms and an expiration date of November 28, 2024.

Litigation: From time to time, Feeding America is named in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. Management is not aware of any asserted lawsuits against Feeding America as of June 30, 2023. Despite the inherent uncertainties of litigation, Feeding America is not aware of any litigatory matters that may have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of Feeding America at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12. Net Assets

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	 2023	2022
Net assets restricted for time or purpose:		
Member services	\$ 79,389	\$ 62,772
Food sourcing and procurement	41,557	35,834
Research and analysis	30,524	34,679
Programs	39,493	31,151
Management and general	229	13,107
Policy and advocacy	 3,953	4,034
	 195,145	181,577
Net assets related to endowment funds in perpetuity:		
General endowment	2,350	2,122
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 197,495	\$ 183,699

Note 13. Endowments

Feeding America follows the guidance of ASC Topic 958, Not-For-Profit Entities, related to net asset classification and required disclosures of donor-restricted endowment funds for a nonprofit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) for the state of Illinois.

Feeding America's endowment consists of 14 individual funds established for a variety of purposes including donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by Feeding America's Board of Directors to function as an endowment. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as an endowment, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Endowment net assets consist of the following at June 30, 2023:

	 nout Donor estrictions	 th Donor strictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds,			
original funds and amounts required to be			
maintained in perpetuity by donor	\$ -	\$ 2,350	\$ 2,350
Donor-restricted endowment funds,			
accumulated investment gains	-	567	567
Board-designated reserve funds	 67,700	-	67,700
Total endowment funds	\$ 67,700	\$ 2,917	\$ 70,617

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13. Endowments (Continued)

Endowment net assets consist of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds,					
original funds and amounts required to be					
maintained in perpetuity by donor	\$	-	\$	2,122	\$ 2,122
Donor-restricted endowment funds,					
accumulated investment gains		-		498	498
Board-designated reserve funds		55,517		-	55,517
Total endowment funds	\$	55,517	\$	2,620	\$ 58,137

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Endowment net assets, July 1, 2022 Additions	\$	55,517	\$	2,620 228	\$	58,137 228
Internal transfers		9,170		-		9,170
Investment gains		3,013		150		3,163
Appropriated expenditures of endowment assets		-		(81)		(81)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2023	\$	67,700	\$	2,917	\$	70,617

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Endowment net assets, July 1, 2021 Additions	\$	63,619 -	\$	2,990 95	\$	66,609 95
Investment losses		(8,102)		(384)		(8,486)
Appropriated expenditures of endowment assets		-		(81)		(81)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2022	\$	55,517	\$	2,620	\$	58,137

Funds with deficiencies: From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires Feeding America to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. Subsequent gains restore the fair value of the assets of the endowment fund to the required level. There were no deficiencies as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (In Thousands)

Note 13. Endowments (Continued)

Return objectives and risk parameters: Feeding America has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the organizations must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by Feeding America's Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of appropriate benchmarks while assuming a moderate level of investment risk.

Strategies employed for achieving objectives: To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, Feeding America relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). Feeding America targets a diversified asset allocation that places emphasis on investments in equities, bonds, other securities and cash (in a 22-66-12% ratio) to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints. Major investment decisions are authorized by the Board's Stewardship Committee, which oversees the investment program in accordance with established guidelines.

Spending policy and how the investment objectives relate to spending policy: Feeding America has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 3% of its endowment funds' average fair value over the prior three years through June 30 preceding the fiscal year in which the distribution is planned. In establishing these policies, Feeding America considered the expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, Feeding America expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to maintain its purchasing power by growing at a rate equal to planned payouts. Additional real growth will be provided through new gifts and any excess investment return. In fiscal years 2023 and 2022, Feeding America has declined to spend any of the Board Designated endowed funds.

Note 14. Related-Party Transactions

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America recorded contributions of \$17,491 and \$21,373, respectively, in cash and pledges and \$1,379,211 and \$1,595,978, respectively, in goods and services from companies that have representatives who are members of Feeding America's Board of Directors. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, Feeding America had \$2,254 and \$2,993, respectively, of outstanding contributions receivable from companies that have representatives who are members of Feeding America's Board of Directors. Feeding America also distributes grants each year to member foodbanks, some of which have executives who are members of Feeding America's Board of Directors.

Note 15. Retirement Plan

Feeding America provides a 401(k) defined contribution plan (the Plan) for substantially all employees. In addition to employee contributions, Feeding America contributes 3.00% of each participant's compensation to the Plan. Feeding America makes an additional matching contribution of 3.00% if the employee contributes a minimum of 1.00% of their salary to the Plan. These employer contributions are made beginning with the employee's participation in the Plan (the employee's date of hire). Total retirement expense and contributions made by Feeding America for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, were \$2,659 and \$2,375, respectively.