



# Map the Meal Gap 2016:

## Overall Food Insecurity in Maine by County in 2014<sup>1</sup>



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance <sup>2</sup>	
				% below 185% poverty	% above 185% poverty
				SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP	Charitable Response
Androscoggin	107,470	16.4%	17,590	63%	37%
Aroostook	70,653	17.1%	12,080	73%	27%
Cumberland	284,351	14.2%	40,330	53%	47%
Franklin	30,569	15.3%	4,670	77%	24%
Hancock	54,581	15.7%	8,580	66%	34%
Kennebec	121,507	15.0%	18,280	64%	36%
Knox	39,653	13.6%	5,410	60%	40%
Lincoln	34,237	13.7%	4,690	65%	35%
Oxford	57,517	15.6%	9,000	71%	29%
Penobscot	153,627	16.5%	25,280	66%	34%
Piscataquis	17,271	16.9%	2,910	78%	22%
Sagadahoc	35,102	13.4%	4,690	60%	40%
Somerset	51,762	16.4%	8,480	75%	26%
Waldo	38,904	15.3%	5,940	71%	29%
Washington	32,397	17.2%	5,570	77%	23%
York	198,934	13.9%	27,590	54%	46%
<b>State Total<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>1,330,089</b>	<b>15.3%</b>	<b>202,910</b>	<b>60.7%</b>	<b>39.3%</b>

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit [www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap](http://www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap).

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2016: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level*. Feeding America, 2016. This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

<sup>1</sup>Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2014 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2014 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2014 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

<sup>2</sup>Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

<sup>6</sup>Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.



# Map the Meal Gap 2016:

## Overall Food Insecurity in Maine by Congressional District in 2014 <sup>1</sup>



Congressional District	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance <sup>2</sup>	
				% below 185% poverty <i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	% above 185% poverty <i>Charitable Response</i>
1	673,835	14.1%	94,780	53%	47%
2	656,254	16.5%	108,130	67%	33%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit [www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap](http://www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap).

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2016: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level*. Feeding America, 2016. This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

<sup>1</sup>Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2014 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; and data from the 2014 American Community Survey on median household incomes, unemployment rates, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics.

<sup>2</sup>Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.