



Map the Meal Gap 2014:

Overall Food Insecurity in Arizona by County in 2012 ¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²	
				% below 185% poverty	% above 185% poverty
				SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP	Charitable Response
Apache	71,618	25.7%	18,430	90%	10%
Cochise	131,118	15.8%	20,710	66%	34%
Coconino	134,011	18.5%	24,770	70%	30%
Gila	53,436	17.1%	9,150	77%	23%
Graham	37,115	16.4%	6,100	73%	27%
Greenlee	8,592	15.8%	1,350	81%	19%
La Paz	20,460	16.8%	3,450	92%	8%
Maricopa	3,841,819	15.7%	601,540	65%	35%
Mohave	201,216	17.9%	35,990	75%	25%
Navajo	107,415	22.4%	24,040	82%	18%
Pima	981,048	16.0%	156,660	70%	30%
Pinal	368,374	15.3%	56,190	64%	36%
Santa Cruz	47,057	18.8%	8,830	79%	21%
Yavapai	211,280	16.5%	34,880	68%	32%
Yuma	196,420	24.3%	47,740	74%	26%
State Total^b	6,553,255	17.8%	1,169,570	69.3%	30.7%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

Gundersen, C., E. Engelhard, A. Satoh, & E. Waxman. *Map the Meal Gap 2014: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level*. Feeding America, 2014. This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2012 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2012 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2012 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.