



Map the Meal Gap 2014:

Overall Food Insecurity in Alabama by County in 2012 ¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²		
				% below 130% poverty <i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	% between 130% and 185% poverty <i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	% above 185% poverty <i>Charitable Response</i>
Autauga	54,590	13.5%	7,360	42%	16%	41%
Baldwin	183,226	13.5%	24,660	48%	18%	34%
Barbour	27,469	22.7%	6,240	55%	19%	26%
Bibb	22,769	15.4%	3,510	58%	25%	17%
Blount	57,466	11.8%	6,770	63%	13%	24%
Bullock	10,779	24.1%	2,600	50%	35%	15%
Butler	20,730	22.1%	4,570	63%	25%	12%
Calhoun	117,834	17.2%	20,290	60%	15%	25%
Chambers	34,228	20.5%	7,010	59%	20%	21%
Cherokee	25,917	14.8%	3,850	63%	14%	23%
Chilton	43,611	14.2%	6,200	69%	11%	21%
Choctaw	13,838	18.5%	2,570	54%	21%	24%
Clarke	25,768	22.3%	5,750	57%	19%	24%
Clay	13,828	16.9%	2,330	60%	24%	16%
Cleburne	14,905	13.8%	2,060	60%	24%	16%
Coffee	49,966	15.0%	7,480	59%	15%	27%
Colbert	54,451	15.6%	8,490	54%	18%	28%
Conecuh	13,188	22.8%	3,000	70%	21%	9%
Coosa	11,305	16.9%	1,910	62%	20%	18%
Covington	37,803	16.0%	6,050	67%	17%	16%
Crenshaw	13,971	16.7%	2,330	54%	20%	26%
Cullman	80,403	13.7%	11,020	67%	16%	18%
Dale	50,129	16.7%	8,380	50%	18%	33%
Dallas	43,572	28.9%	12,610	65%	22%	13%
DeKalb	70,949	14.1%	10,030	72%	17%	12%
Elmore	79,330	14.1%	11,200	40%	14%	46%
Escambia	38,122	19.6%	7,460	62%	20%	18%
Etowah	104,317	15.8%	16,490	61%	17%	23%
Fayette	17,219	15.8%	2,730	58%	24%	18%
Franklin	31,664	14.9%	4,730	65%	21%	14%
Geneva	26,769	15.5%	4,160	68%	23%	9%
Greene	9,067	27.5%	2,490	70%	30%	0%
Hale	15,750	22.9%	3,600	62%	30%	8%
Henry	17,275	15.8%	2,740	51%	23%	27%
Houston	101,459	17.1%	17,390	54%	20%	26%
Jackson	53,279	13.8%	7,370	66%	15%	19%
Jefferson	658,464	18.3%	120,440	47%	19%	34%
Lamar	14,513	16.2%	2,340	60%	25%	14%
Lauderdale	92,528	15.1%	13,940	58%	14%	28%
Lawrence	34,148	14.7%	5,020	58%	23%	19%
Lee	140,938	17.4%	24,450	57%	16%	27%
Limestone	83,313	13.1%	10,950	49%	16%	35%
Lowndes	11,304	25.8%	2,920	52%	34%	15%
Macon	21,214	26.0%	5,530	50%	29%	21%
Madison	334,661	14.7%	49,090	42%	15%	43%
Marengo	20,909	21.4%	4,470	57%	23%	20%
Marion	30,641	16.0%	4,890	67%	17%	17%
Marshall	93,070	14.0%	13,070	71%	14%	15%
Mobile	412,297	18.8%	77,700	53%	19%	28%
Monroe	22,993	22.1%	5,090	61%	23%	17%
Montgomery	229,376	21.0%	48,110	49%	20%	32%
Morgan	119,330	14.3%	17,070	55%	18%	27%
Perry	10,525	26.5%	2,790	58%	36%	7%
Pickens	19,646	21.2%	4,160	64%	18%	19%
Pike	32,750	21.2%	6,930	63%	17%	21%
Randolph	22,843	18.0%	4,110	60%	16%	24%
Russell	53,938	21.1%	11,370	58%	23%	19%

County	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance ²		
				% below 130% poverty <i>SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP</i>	% between 130% and 185% poverty <i>WIC, reduced price school meals</i>	% above 185% poverty <i>Charitable Response</i>
St. Clair	83,530	12.9%	10,790	57%	14%	29%
Shelby	195,237	10.5%	20,550	36%	15%	49%
Sumter	13,669	28.4%	3,880	64%	26%	10%
Talladega	82,194	19.0%	15,630	58%	17%	25%
Tallapoosa	41,534	17.8%	7,380	55%	24%	21%
Tuscaloosa	194,254	17.7%	34,330	52%	14%	34%
Walker	67,016	15.0%	10,040	63%	17%	20%
Washington	17,407	17.1%	2,980	51%	21%	28%
Wilcox	11,706	29.5%	3,460	67%	24%	9%
Winston	24,432	16.7%	4,080	74%	12%	14%
State Total^b	4,822,023	18.6%	895,430	53.3%	18.5%	28.2%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

Gundersen, C., E. Engelhard, A. Satoh, & E. Waxman. *Map the Meal Gap 2014: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level*. Feeding America, 2014. This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2012 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2012 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2012 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.