



Map the Meal Gap 2013

Wisconsin Food Insecurity by County in 2011 ¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate ²	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Income within the food insecure population ³	
				% below SNAP threshold of 200% poverty	% above SNAP threshold of 200% poverty
Adams	20,956	12.4%	2,600	71%	29%
Ashland	16,160	14.3%	2,310	80%	20%
Barron	45,895	11.2%	5,130	75%	25%
Bayfield	15,105	12.0%	1,820	69%	32%
Brown	246,686	11.1%	27,360	63%	37%
Buffalo	13,671	9.5%	1,300	72%	28%
Burnett	15,644	12.7%	1,980	77%	23%
Calumet	48,434	7.5%	3,630	53%	47%
Chippewa	61,969	10.9%	6,760	69%	31%
Clark	34,625	11.3%	3,930	83%	17%
Columbia	56,569	10.1%	5,710	56%	44%
Crawford	16,755	11.4%	1,920	74%	26%
Dane	483,913	11.2%	54,210	58%	42%
Dodge	88,867	10.6%	9,430	59%	41%
Door	27,893	12.2%	3,410	57%	43%
Douglas	43,964	11.7%	5,150	66%	34%
Dunn	43,597	11.8%	5,130	66%	34%
Eau Claire	98,168	12.1%	11,880	70%	30%
Florence	4,518	10.9%	490	70%	30%
Fond du Lac	101,351	10.5%	10,690	62%	38%
Forest	9,439	13.7%	1,290	78%	22%
Grant	50,944	11.1%	5,670	72%	28%
Green	36,653	9.9%	3,640	59%	41%
Green Lake	19,089	10.8%	2,060	67%	33%
Iowa	23,646	9.1%	2,150	63%	37%
Iron	6,008	13.4%	810	78%	22%
Jackson	20,395	12.5%	2,550	69%	31%
Jefferson	83,308	11.0%	9,140	55%	45%
Juneau	26,741	12.0%	3,220	73%	27%
Kenosha	165,467	12.9%	21,280	62%	39%
Kewaunee	20,613	9.2%	1,890	59%	41%
La Crosse	113,805	11.4%	13,020	66%	34%
Lafayette	16,783	9.1%	1,530	72%	28%
Langlade	20,090	11.8%	2,360	74%	26%
Lincoln	28,914	12.1%	3,490	60%	40%
Manitowoc	81,496	10.5%	8,590	61%	39%
Marathon	133,420	10.5%	13,970	62%	38%
Marinette	41,878	12.0%	5,040	71%	29%
Marquette	15,426	11.8%	1,820	71%	29%
Menominee	4,262	21.4%	910	83%	17%
Milwaukee	942,006	18.6%	174,920	80%	20%
Monroe	44,427	11.5%	5,110	73%	27%
Oconto	37,683	10.8%	4,090	64%	36%
Oneida	36,194	11.5%	4,150	68%	32%
Outagamie	175,724	10.1%	17,690	55%	45%
Ozaukee	86,180	8.1%	6,990	37%	63%
Pepin	7,491	9.7%	720	75%	26%
Pierce	40,703	9.4%	3,830	54%	46%
Polk	44,249	10.5%	4,650	68%	32%
Portage	69,754	11.2%	7,780	65%	35%

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Price	14,276	11.0%	1,570	80%	21%
Racine	195,029	13.1%	25,620	62%	38%
Richland	18,144	10.2%	1,860	78%	22%
Rock	160,270	13.0%	20,830	63%	37%
Rusk	14,791	13.9%	2,060	82%	18%
Sauk	61,504	10.7%	6,570	67%	33%
Sawyer	16,610	14.0%	2,330	78%	22%
Shawano	41,866	11.3%	4,740	72%	28%
Sheboygan	115,401	10.4%	12,060	63%	38%
St. Croix	83,657	8.5%	7,070	46%	54%
Taylor	20,615	11.4%	2,350	73%	27%
Trempealeau	28,668	10.0%	2,870	70%	30%
Vernon	29,630	10.6%	3,150	80%	20%
Vilas	21,637	12.4%	2,690	77%	23%
Walworth	102,147	11.3%	11,560	61%	39%
Washburn	15,965	10.9%	1,750	80%	20%
Washington	131,190	8.7%	11,470	46%	54%
Waukesha	388,125	8.4%	32,650	36%	64%
Waupaca	52,552	10.8%	5,660	70%	30%
Waushara	24,614	11.4%	2,810	73%	28%
Winnebago	166,033	11.0%	18,280	60%	40%
Wood	74,641	10.7%	7,970	65%	35%
State Total⁴	5,711,767	13.0%	744,410	60%	40%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

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¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2011 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2011 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, home ownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2011 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²The statistical model for estimating food insecurity in 2013 differs slightly from the model used in 2012. The updated 2013 model includes "homeownership" in addition to the variables used in previous years to account for household assets and help produce more accurate estimates of food insecurity at the local level. For more information about these factors, please see the technical brief or supplemental methodology information on HungerNet.

³Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

⁴Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.