



Map the Meal Gap 2013

Alabama Food Insecurity by County in 2011 ¹



County	Population	Food insecurity rate ²	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Income within the food insecure population ³		
				% below SNAP threshold of 130% poverty	% between 130% and 185% poverty	% above Nutrition Pgm threshold of 185% poverty
Autauga	53,944	13.6%	7,310	39%	17%	45%
Baldwin	179,523	13.1%	23,540	43%	21%	36%
Barbour	27,546	23.0%	6,330	54%	21%	25%
Bibb	22,746	15.8%	3,590	52%	22%	27%
Blount	57,140	12.1%	6,900	52%	18%	29%
Bullock	10,877	27.0%	2,930	55%	28%	17%
Butler	20,860	22.7%	4,740	60%	26%	14%
Calhoun	117,614	17.5%	20,550	55%	18%	26%
Chambers	34,375	21.0%	7,230	55%	24%	21%
Cherokee	25,819	15.0%	3,860	60%	16%	24%
Chilton	43,444	14.5%	6,310	62%	17%	21%
Choctaw	13,953	19.9%	2,780	56%	25%	19%
Clarke	26,046	24.4%	6,360	57%	19%	25%
Clay	14,010	17.6%	2,460	53%	24%	23%
Cleburne	14,881	13.4%	1,990	55%	28%	17%
Coffee	49,221	15.1%	7,430	57%	16%	27%
Colbert	54,478	15.8%	8,600	51%	21%	28%
Conecuh	13,286	24.4%	3,250	67%	25%	8%
Coosa	11,303	17.8%	2,010	53%	23%	24%
Covington	37,736	16.3%	6,160	63%	21%	16%
Crenshaw	13,938	16.8%	2,350	50%	25%	24%
Cullman	80,246	13.4%	10,760	59%	22%	20%
Dale	49,920	16.6%	8,300	47%	20%	33%
Dallas	43,868	31.5%	13,800	64%	23%	13%
DeKalb	70,608	15.3%	10,810	62%	21%	17%
Elmore	78,641	14.4%	11,290	36%	19%	45%
Escambia	38,081	20.1%	7,670	56%	21%	24%
Etowah	104,216	16.0%	16,630	55%	20%	25%
Fayette	17,361	16.7%	2,910	53%	22%	25%
Franklin	31,532	15.5%	4,890	61%	21%	18%
Geneva	26,646	15.3%	4,080	62%	28%	10%
Greene	9,170	30.0%	2,750	72%	28%	1%
Hale	15,972	24.3%	3,880	59%	33%	8%
Henry	17,240	15.6%	2,690	46%	26%	28%
Houston	100,310	17.0%	17,070	51%	22%	26%
Jackson	53,357	13.9%	7,430	61%	21%	19%
Jefferson	657,486	19.1%	125,550	44%	21%	35%
Lamar	14,644	16.4%	2,400	52%	30%	18%
Lauderdale	92,269	15.0%	13,860	53%	20%	27%
Lawrence	34,250	14.8%	5,070	49%	29%	22%
Lee	137,855	17.2%	23,770	54%	20%	26%
Limestone	80,966	13.4%	10,810	46%	18%	36%
Lowndes	11,538	29.2%	3,370	54%	28%	18%
Macon	21,489	28.2%	6,050	49%	26%	26%
Madison	329,299	15.0%	49,430	39%	16%	44%
Marengo	21,130	22.6%	4,780	53%	26%	21%
Marion	30,771	16.4%	5,050	58%	21%	22%

County	Population	Food insecurity rate ²	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Income within the food insecure population ³		
				% below SNAP threshold of 130% poverty	% between 130% and 185% poverty	% above Nutrition Pgm threshold of 185% poverty
Marshall	92,052	14.4%	13,220	64%	17%	19%
Mobile	410,520	19.6%	80,620	51%	22%	27%
Monroe	23,159	24.6%	5,700	62%	23%	15%
Montgomery	228,939	21.8%	49,880	48%	21%	32%
Morgan	118,521	14.6%	17,340	49%	20%	31%
Perry	10,620	29.3%	3,120	60%	37%	4%
Pickens	19,765	22.3%	4,400	62%	17%	21%
Pike	32,471	21.4%	6,950	61%	19%	20%
Randolph	22,838	19.0%	4,330	57%	17%	26%
Russell	52,490	21.3%	11,190	57%	29%	15%
Shelby	191,705	10.5%	20,050	31%	16%	53%
St. Clair	82,363	12.9%	10,590	49%	18%	32%
Sumter	13,758	31.0%	4,260	65%	27%	8%
Talladega	82,265	19.7%	16,220	53%	21%	26%
Tallapoosa	41,614	18.6%	7,730	48%	26%	26%
Tuscaloosa	191,489	18.5%	35,400	50%	16%	34%
Walker	67,308	15.1%	10,170	57%	20%	23%
Washington	17,487	18.8%	3,290	49%	20%	31%
Wilcox	11,862	32.4%	3,840	66%	30%	4%
Winston	24,593	17.6%	4,320	60%	21%	19%
State Total⁴	4,802,740	19.5%	936,410	40%	17%	43%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

Gundersen, C., Waxman, E., Engelhard, E., Satoh, A., & Chawla, N. Map the Meal Gap 2013: Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level. Feeding America, 2013. This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

¹Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2011 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2011 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, home ownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2011 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

⁴ The statistical model for estimating food insecurity in 2013 differs slightly from the model used in 2012. The updated 2013 model includes "homeownership" in addition to the variables used in previous years to account for household assets and help produce more accurate estimates of food insecurity at the local level. For more information about these factors, please see the technical brief or supplemental methodology information on HungerNet.

³Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

⁴Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.