



Map the Meal Gap 2017:

Child Food Insecurity in Alabama by County in 2015 ¹



County	Food insecurity rate (full population)	Population under 18 years old	Child food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure children (rounded)	Food insecure children likely income-eligible for federal nutrition assistance ²	Food insecure children likely NOT income-eligible for federal nutrition assistance ²
Autauga	13.9%	14,044	21.0%	2,950	73%	27%
Baldwin	13.0%	43,641	22.0%	9,620	72%	28%
Barbour	23.4%	5,738	29.6%	1,700	80%	20%
Bibb	16.1%	4,919	25.0%	1,230	98%	2%
Blount	11.3%	13,684	23.9%	3,260	75%	25%
Bullock	24.4%	2,234	25.5%	570	82%	18%
Butler	22.0%	4,728	27.3%	1,290	84%	16%
Calhoun	17.4%	26,081	26.3%	6,860	82%	18%
Chambers	20.3%	7,368	26.1%	1,920	83%	17%
Cherokee	13.9%	5,346	26.1%	1,390	87%	14%
Chilton	13.5%	10,616	24.9%	2,640	87%	13%
Choctaw	21.2%	2,818	26.1%	730	74%	26%
Clarke	24.7%	5,754	27.0%	1,550	71%	29%
Clay	15.0%	2,975	24.0%	710	100%	0%
Cleburne	13.5%	3,481	25.3%	880	76%	25%
Coffee	15.1%	12,124	23.8%	2,880	72%	28%
Colbert	16.6%	11,852	26.0%	3,080	74%	27%
Conecuh	24.4%	2,846	28.6%	810	76%	24%
Coosa	17.7%	2,045	24.2%	500	100%	0%
Covington	16.3%	8,409	26.9%	2,260	83%	17%
Crenshaw	16.7%	3,214	22.2%	710	72%	28%
Cullman	12.9%	18,283	24.3%	4,440	90%	10%
Dale	16.8%	11,918	24.1%	2,880	69%	31%
Dallas	29.8%	10,770	31.5%	3,390	75%	25%
DeKalb	11.7%	17,890	23.2%	4,160	95%	5%
Elmore	14.2%	18,620	21.4%	3,980	65%	35%
Escambia	20.1%	8,444	25.5%	2,160	93%	7%
Etowah	15.9%	23,111	25.7%	5,940	78%	22%
Fayette	16.1%	3,663	25.8%	950	93%	8%
Franklin	13.5%	7,668	27.7%	2,120	89%	11%
Geneva	15.5%	5,948	28.5%	1,690	79%	21%
Greene	31.8%	2,028	34.7%	700	80%	20%
Hale	23.6%	3,608	25.8%	930	83%	17%
Henry	16.2%	3,694	22.1%	820	80%	20%
Houston	17.6%	24,764	24.7%	6,110	75%	25%
Jackson	14.3%	11,574	25.8%	2,980	89%	11%
Jefferson	19.4%	152,729	22.3%	34,070	68%	32%
Lamar	16.9%	3,076	28.9%	890	100%	0%
Lauderdale	15.6%	19,223	25.1%	4,830	78%	22%
Lawrence	15.4%	7,439	25.2%	1,870	82%	18%
Lee	18.4%	33,002	22.1%	7,310	71%	29%
Limestone	12.9%	20,787	21.4%	4,450	71%	29%
Lowndes	28.3%	2,504	28.4%	710	76%	24%
Macon	27.3%	3,748	25.5%	950	75%	25%
Madison	15.1%	78,714	20.6%	16,230	64%	36%
Marengo	22.9%	4,733	25.5%	1,210	86%	14%
Marion	15.0%	6,438	25.8%	1,660	91%	9%
Marshall	12.4%	23,248	25.7%	5,980	88%	12%
Mobile	19.2%	100,277	24.0%	24,110	75%	25%
Monroe	25.0%	5,375	29.1%	1,560	75%	25%
Montgomery	22.6%	55,434	23.5%	13,040	72%	29%
Morgan	13.7%	27,965	23.1%	6,460	77%	23%
Perry	29.0%	2,298	31.4%	720	85%	15%
Pickens	21.2%	4,276	25.5%	1,090	83%	17%
Pike	22.3%	6,538	24.8%	1,620	76%	24%
Randolph	16.7%	5,075	24.4%	1,240	74%	26%
Russell	20.4%	14,788	24.1%	3,560	76%	24%
St. Clair	12.9%	19,921	22.7%	4,520	76%	25%
Shelby	10.0%	50,134	17.4%	8,720	53%	48%
Sumter	30.2%	2,686	30.3%	810	77%	23%
Talladega	19.2%	18,179	26.9%	4,880	76%	24%
Tallapoosa	18.1%	8,849	27.4%	2,430	87%	13%

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Tuscaloosa	17.9%	42,066	22.2%	9,320	70%	30%
Walker	16.0%	14,636	27.9%	4,080	83%	17%
Washington	17.3%	3,984	25.1%	1,000	77%	23%
Wilcox	32.2%	2,844	32.9%	930	78%	23%
Winston	15.1%	5,108	29.7%	1,520	89%	11%
State Total³	17.7%	1,108,408	24.1%	267,040	73%	27%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

Gundersen, C., A. Dewey, A. Crumbaugh, M. Kato & E. Engelhard. *Map the Meal Gap 2017: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level*. Feeding America, 2017. This research is generously supported by The Howard G. Buffett Foundation and Nielsen.

¹Map the Meal Gap's child food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2015 Current Population Survey on children under 18 years old in food insecure households; data from the 2015 American Community Survey on median family incomes for households with children, child poverty rates, home ownership, and race and ethnic demographics among children; and 2015 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

²Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure children living in households with incomes above or below 185% of the federal poverty guideline for 2014. Eligibility for federal child nutrition programs is determined in part by income thresholds which can vary by state.

³Data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state.



Map the Meal Gap 2017:

Child Food Insecurity in Alabama by Congressional District in 2015 ¹



Congressional District	Food insecurity rate (full population)	Child food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure children (rounded)	Food insecure children likely income-eligible for federal nutrition assistance ²	Food insecure children likely NOT income-eligible for federal nutrition assistance ²
1	17.7%	23.2%	38,180	69%	31%
2	19.4%	25.5%	40,710	75%	25%
3	18.0%	24.7%	38,700	75%	25%
4	14.1%	25.5%	40,120	84%	16%
5	15.3%	23.1%	36,480	69%	31%
6	12.3%	18.9%	31,220	60%	40%
7	27.3%	28.3%	41,630	73%	27%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap.

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