Map the Meal Gap 2014:

Overall *Food Insecurity in Georgia by Congressional District in 2012* [1]

Congressional District	Population	Food insecurity rate	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Likely Income Eligibility for Federal Nutrition Assistance[2]		
				% below 130% poverty *SNAP, WIC, free school meals, CSFP, TEFAP*	% between 130% and 185% poverty *WIC, reduced price school meals*	% above 185% poverty *Charitable Response*
1	714,669	19.2%	137,000	54%	18%	28%
2	693,841	25.1%	174,280	60%	20%	20%
3	704,557	17.6%	124,290	52%	14%	34%
4	714,225	23.7%	169,180	52%	21%	27%
5	731,123	27.2%	198,970	55%	19%	26%
6	716,576	12.7%	91,130	42%	8%	50%
7	716,539	13.9%	99,590	52%	12%	36%
8	705,710	19.2%	135,630	62%	16%	22%
9	705,834	14.6%	103,220	65%	16%	19%
10	708,026	16.9%	119,840	58%	16%	26%
11	708,052	14.2%	100,640	48%	14%	38%
12	701,142	20.5%	143,650	58%	15%	26%
13	707,070	22.5%	159,390	52%	20%	28%
14	692,581	17.0%	117,780	60%	18%	22%

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap .

Gundersen, C., E. Engelhard, A. Satoh, & E. Waxman. *Map the Meal Gap 2014: Food Insecurity and Child Food Insecurity Estimates at the County Level.* Feeding America, 2014.
This research is generously supported by the Howard G. Buffett Foundation and The Nielsen Company.

[1]Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2012 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; and data from the 2012 American Community Survey on median household incomes, unemployment rates, poverty rates, homeownership, and race and ethnic demographics.

[2]Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.