Map the Meal Gap 2013

New York Food Insecurity by County in 2011 [1]

County	Population	Food insecurity rate[2]	Estimated number food insecure individuals (rounded)	Income within the food insecure population[3]		
				% below SNAP threshold of 130% poverty	% between 130% and 185% poverty	% above Nutrition Pgm threshold of 185% poverty
Albany	303,957	11.5%	35,070	42%	16%	42%
Allegany	48,991	10.7%	5,260	56%	20%	24%
Bronx	1,374,593	23.2%	319,060	71%	14%	15%
Broome	200,448	11.7%	23,400	52%	21%	27%
Cattaraugus	80,478	11.0%	8,850	58%	24%	18%
Cayuga	80,204	9.7%	7,790	46%	24%	29%
Chautauqua	135,018	11.0%	14,860	57%	23%	20%
Chemung	88,731	11.5%	10,230	52%	22%	26%
Chenango	50,788	9.6%	4,860	51%	30%	19%
Clinton	82,265	11.7%	9,610	43%	17%	40%
Columbia	63,055	8.7%	5,480	42%	24%	34%
Cortland	49,441	11.1%	5,500	52%	20%	29%
Delaware	48,079	10.0%	4,790	52%	25%	23%
Dutchess	296,842	9.3%	27,580	36%	14%	50%
Erie	919,714	11.9%	109,260	47%	20%	34%
Essex	39,357	10.5%	4,120	42%	21%	36%
Franklin	51,711	11.8%	6,110	51%	18%	32%
Fulton	55,456	12.1%	6,690	54%	22%	24%
Genesee	59,966	9.3%	5,570	49%	22%	29%
Greene	49,298	10.8%	5,340	46%	21%	34%
Hamilton	4,870	7.7%	380	40%	30%	30%
Herkimer	64,354	10.4%	6,670	58%	26%	16%
Jefferson	115,941	13.2%	15,250	53%	22%	25%
Kings	2,486,119	20.4%	507,190	59%	21%	20%
Lewis	27,037	10.2%	2,770	49%	27%	24%
Livingston	65,387	9.1%	5,950	44%	20%	36%
Madison	73,156	8.8%	6,450	43%	23%	34%
Monroe	742,783	11.8%	87,600	47%	18%	34%
Montgomery	49,985	11.8%	5,880	53%	21%	26%
Nassau	1,332,947	6.7%	88,750	29%	14%	57%
New York	1,588,257	16.3%	259,340	54%	13%	33%
Niagara	216,036	10.8%	23,360	47%	22%	31%
Oneida	234,549	11.1%	26,080	50%	21%	28%
Onondaga	464,921	11.4%	52,940	47%	19%	35%
Ontario	107,070	8.2%	8,790	44%	19%	37%
Orange	371,833	9.8%	36,360	43%	15%	42%
Orleans	43,011	10.2%	4,400	43%	30%	26%
Oswego	122,206	11.6%	14,150	50%	22%	29%
Otsego	62,380	10.3%	6,400	54%	22%	24%
Putnam	99,662	5.6%	5,580	32%	14%	54%
Queens	2,213,977	14.0%	310,140	49%	20%	31%
Rensselaer	159,053	10.4%	16,510	43%	18%	39%
Richmond	466,034	10.1%	46,910	43%	13%	44%
Rockland	308,682	9.3%	28,590	46%	16%	38%
Saratoga	218,520	7.2%	15,840	34%	19%	47%
Schenectady	153,935	10.4%	16,040	45%	18%	38%
Schoharie	32,766	9.6%	3,150	45%	22%	33%

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Schuyler	18,490	7.9%	1,470	44%	32%	25%
Seneca	35,306	9.3%	3,270	51%	24%	25%
St. Lawrence	111,809	12.5%	13,940	49%	19%	32%
Steuben	98,837	11.2%	11,070	53%	25%	22%
Suffolk	1,487,177	6.9%	102,630	31%	17%	53%
Sullivan	77,553	12.2%	9,460	56%	18%	26%
Tioga	51,287	8.2%	4,210	45%	31%	24%
Tompkins	101,033	12.0%	12,140	53%	15%	33%
Ulster	182,710	10.2%	18,680	45%	18%	37%
Warren	65,767	9.6%	6,340	44%	19%	37%
Washington	63,174	9.1%	5,780	48%	25%	27%
Wayne	93,628	9.0%	8,430	45%	24%	31%
Westchester	944,249	9.8%	92,940	39%	14%	47%
Wyoming	42,223	9.4%	3,970	42%	25%	33%
Yates	25,342	9.0%	2,270	62%	26%	12%
State Total[4]	**19,465,197**	**14.7%**	**2,853,190**	**42%**	**15%**	**42%**

For additional data and maps by county, state, and congressional district, please visit www.feedingamerica.org/mapthegap .

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[1]Map the Meal Gap's food insecurity rates are determined using data from the 2001-2011 Current Population Survey on individuals in food insecure households; data from the 2011 American Community Survey on median household incomes, poverty rates, home ownership, and race and ethnic demographics; and 2011 data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on unemployment rates.

[2] The statistical model for estimating food insecurity in 2013 differs slightly from the model used in 2012. The updated 2013 model includes "homeownership" in addition to the variables used in previous years to account for household assets and help produce more accurate estimates of food insecurity at the local level. For more information about these factors, please see the technical brief or supplemental methodology information on HungerNet.

[3]Numbers reflect percentage of food insecure individuals living in households with incomes within the income bands indicated. Eligibility for federal nutrition programs is determined in part by these income thresholds which can vary by state.

[4]Population and food insecurity data in the state totals row do not reflect the sum of all counties in that state. The state totals are aggregated from the congressional districts data in that state. All data in the state totals row pertaining to the cost of food or the "Meal Gap" reflect state-level data and are not aggregations of either counties or congressional districts.